Getting started

luatex is a typesetter; texlua and luatex --luaonly are lua interpreters. In lua interpreter mode, the lua tables tex, token, node, and pdf are unavailable.

\directlua expands immediately, \latelua is processed during \shipout.

\luatexversion: **78**
\luatexrevision: **3**
\luatexdatestamp: **2014031011**

Attributes

There are 65536 attribute registers, each of which obeys grouping and can have any integer value other than the most negative number (which indicates the value is unset).

Catcode tables

There are 65536 category code tables, each of which can hold the full range of Unicode. Category table manipulation:

\initcatcodetable *N* initialize an 'initex' table in *N*
\savecatcodetable *N* save the current category codes to table *N* globally
\catcodetable *N* switch to predefined table *N*

Filenames

\input, \openin, and \font accept braced file names to allow embedded spaces.

Images and forms

\pdfrefximage and \pdfrefxform accept optional dimension parameters in the same format as \pdfximage.

Preloaded lua modules

slnunicode	http://luaforge.net/projects/sln
luazip	http://www.keplerproject.org/luazip/
luafilesystem	http://www.keplerproject.org/luafilesystem/
lpeg	http://www.inf.puc-rio.br/~roberto/lpeg.html
lzlib	http://luaforge.net/projects/lzlib/
md5	http://www.inf.puc-rio.br/~roberto/md5/md5-5/md5.html
luasocket	http://www.tecgraf.puc-rio.br/~diego/professional/luasocket/

String extensions

table = **string.explode**(string, [string])
Break a string into pieces. The optional argument is a character possibly followed by a plus sign (default " +")
number = **string.utfvalues**(string)
Iterator that returns a value representing a single UTF-8 token.
string = **string.utfcharacters**(string)
Iterator that returns a string representing a single UTF-8 token.
string = **string.characters**(string)
Iterator that returns a string representing a single 8-byte token.
string, string = **string.characterpairs**(string)
Iterator that returns two strings representing two single UTF-8 tokens.
number = **string.bytes**(string)
Iterator that returns a value representing a single 8-byte token.
number, number = **string.bytepairs**(string)
Iterator that returns two values representing two single 8-byte tokens.

Operating system extensions

os.exec(table)
Run an external command and exit. The table is an array of arguments, with an optional argv[0] in index 0.
boolean = **os.spawn**(table)
Run an external command and return its exit code. The table is an array of arguments, with an optional argv[0] in index 0.
os.setenv(string, string) Set an environment variable.
number = **os.gettimeofday**()
Get the time as a floating point number (Unix only).
table = **os.times**() Return process times.
string = **os.tmpdir**()
Create a temporary directory inside the current directory.
table = **os.uname**()
Return various information strings about the computer.
string = **os.selfdir**() Return the directory path of argv[0].

Lua file system extensions

boolean = **lfs.isdir**(string) Return true if the string is a directory.
boolean = **lfs.isfile**(string) Return true if the string is a file.
string = **lfs.shortname**(string)
Return the FAT name of a file (Windows only).
string = **lfs.readlink**(string)
Return the contents of a symlink (Unix only).

Callback table

number, [string] = **callback.register**(string, function)
Register a callback. Passing nil removes an existing callback. Returns nil, error on failure.
table = **callback.list**() Produce a list of all known callback names.
function = **callback.find**(string)
Returns the function currently associated with a callback, or nil

File discovery callbacks

string = **find_read_file**(number, string)
Find a file for \input (0) or \openin (higher integers).
string = **find_write_file**(number, string)
Find a file for writing to the log file (0) or with \write (higher integers).
string = **find_font_file**(string) Find a font metrics file.
string = **find_output_file**(string) Find the output (PDF or DVI) file.
string = **find_format_file**(string) Find the format file.
string = **find_vf_file**(string) Find a VF file.
string = **find_map_file**(string) Find a font map file.
string = **find_enc_file**(string) Find a font encoding file.
string = **find_subfont_file**(string) Find a subfont definition file.
string = **find_pk_file**(string) Find a PK font bitmap file.
string = **find_data_file**(string)
Find an input data file for PDF attachment.
string = **find_opentype_file**(string) Find an OpenType font file.
string = **find_truetype_file**(string) Find an TrueType font file.
string = **find_type1_file**(string) Find an Type1 (PostScript) font file.
string = **find_image_file**(string) Find an image file for inclusion.

File reading callbacks

table = **open_read_file**(string)

Open a file for reading. The returned table should define key functions for "reader" and "close".

string = **reader**(table)
Read a line from a file opened with the **open_read_file** callback. The argument is the return value from **open_read_file**

close(table)
Close a file opened with the **open_read_file** callback. The argument is the return value from the **open_read_file**

boolean, string, number = **read_font_file**(string)
Read a TFM metrics file. Return true, the data, and the data length for success, false otherwise

boolean, string, number = **read_vf_file**(string) Read a VF metrics file.

boolean, string, number = **read_map_file**(string) Read a font map file.

boolean, string, number = **read_enc_file**(string)
Read a font encoding file.

boolean, string, number = **read_sfd_file**(string)
Read a subfont definition file.

boolean, string, number = **read_pk_file**(string)
Read a font bitmap PK file.

boolean, string, number = **read_data_file**(string) Read a data file.

boolean, string, number = **read_truetype_file**(string)
Read a TrueType font.

boolean, string, number = **read_type1_file**(string) Read a Type1 font.

boolean, string, number = **read_opentype_file**(string)
Read an OpenType font.

Tokenisation changes callbacks

string = **process_input_buffer**(string)
Modify the encoding of the input buffer.

string = **process_output_buffer**(string)
Modify the encoding of the output buffer.

table = **token_filter**()
Override the tokenization process. Return value is a token or an array of tokens

Node list callbacks

buildpage_filter(string)
Process objects as they are added to the main vertical list. The string argument gives some context.

buildpage_filter context information:

value	**explanation**
alignment	a (partial) alignment is being added
after_output	an output routine has just finished
box	a typeset box is being added
new_graf	the beginning of a new paragraph
vmode_par	\par was found in vertical mode
hmode_par	\par was found in horizontal mode
insert	an insert is added
penalty	a penalty (in vertical mode)
before_display	immediately before a display starts
after_display	a display is finished
end	LUATEX is terminating (it's all over)

node = **pre_linebreak_filter**(node, string)
Alter a node list before linebreaking takes place. The string argument gives some context.

pre_linebreak_filter context information:

value	**explanation**
<empty>	main vertical list
hbox	\hbox in horizontal mode
adjusted_hbox	\hbox in vertical mode
vbox	\vbox
vtop	\vtop
align	\halign or \valign
disc	discretionaries
insert	packaging an insert
vcenter	\vcenter
local_box	\localleftbox or \localrightbox
split_off	top of a \vsplit
split_keep	remainder of a \vsplit
align_set	alignment cell
fin_row	alignment row

node = **linebreak_filter**(node, boolean)
Override the linebreaking algorithm. The boolean is true if this is a pre-display break.

node = **post_linebreak_filter**(node, string)
Alter a node list afer linebreaking has taken place. The string argument gives some context.

node = **hpack_filter**(node, string, number, string, string)
Alter a node list before horizontal packing takes place. The first string gives some context, the number is the desired size, the second string is either "exact" or "additional" (modifies the first string), the third string is the desired direction

node = **vpack_filter**(node, string, number, string, number, string)
Alter a node list before vertical packing takes place. The second number is the desired max depth. See **hpack_filter** for the arguments.

node = **pre_output_filter**(node, string, number, string, number, string)
Alter a node list before boxing to \outputbox takes place. See **vpack_filter** for the arguments.

hyphenate(node, node) Apply hyphenation to a node list.

ligaturing(node, node) Apply ligaturing to a node list.

kerning(node, node) Apply kerning to a node list.

node = **mlist_to_hlist**(node, string, boolean)
Convert a math node list into a horizontal node list.

Font definition callback

metrics = **define_font**(string, number)
Define a font from within lua code. The arguments are the user-supplied information, with negative numbers indicating scaled, positive numbers at

Event callbacks

pre_dump() Run actions just before format dumping takes place.

stop_run() Run actions just before the end of the typesetting run.

start_run() Run actions at the start of the typesetting run.

start_page_number()
Run actions at the start of typeset page number message reporting.

stop_page_number()
Run actions at the end of typeset page number message reporting.

show_error_hook() Run action at error reporting time.

finish_pdffile() Run actions just before the PDF closing takes place.

Epdf table

--- All constructors:

PDFDoc = **epdf.open**(string)
Construct a PDFDoc object by opening a PDF document.

Annot = **epdf.Annot**(XRef, Dict, Catalog, Ref)
Construct an Annot object.

Annots = **epdf.Annots**(XRef, Catalog, Object)
Construct an Annots object.

Array = **epdf.Array**(XRef) Construct an Array object.

Dict = **epdf.Dict**(XRef) Construct a Dict object.

Object = **epdf.Object**() Construct an Object object.
PDFRectangle = **epdf.PDFRectangle**()
Construct a PDFRectangle object.
--- Annot methods:
boolean = **Annot:isOK**() Check if Annot object is ok.
Object = **Annot:getAppearance**() Get Appearance object.
AnnotBorder = **Annot:getBorder**() Get AnnotBorder object.
boolean = **Annot:match**(Ref)
Check if object number and generation matches Ref.
--- AnnotBorderStyle methods:
number = **AnnotBorderStyle:getWidth**() Get border width.
--- Annots methods:
integer = **Annots:getNumAnnots**() Get number of Annots objects.
Annot = **Annots:getAnnot**(integer) Get Annot object.
--- Array methods:
Array:incRef() Increment reference count to Array.
Array:decRef() Decrement reference count to Array.
integer = **Array:getLength**() Get Array length.
Array:add(Object) Add Object to Array.
Object = **Array:get**(integer) Get Object from Array.
Object = **Array:getNF**(integer)
Get Object from Array, not resolving indirection.
string = **Array:getString**(integer) Get String from Array.
--- Catalog methods:
boolean = **Catalog:isOK**() Check if Catalog object is ok.
integer = **Catalog:getNumPages**() Get total number of pages.
Page = **Catalog:getPage**(integer) Get Page.
Ref = **Catalog:getPageRef**(integer)
Get the reference to a Page object.
string = **Catalog:getBaseURI**() Get base URI, if any.
string = **Catalog:readMetadata**()
Get the contents of the Metadata stream.
Object = **Catalog:getStructTreeRoot**()
Get the structure tree root object.
integer = **Catalog:findPage**(integer, integer)
Get a Page number by object number and generation.
LinkDest = **Catalog:findDest**(string) Find a named destination.
Object = **Catalog:getDests**() Get destinations object.
integer = **Catalog:numEmbeddedFiles**()
Get number of embedded files.
FileSpec = **Catalog:embeddedFile**(integer)
Get file spec of embedded file.
integer = **Catalog:numJS**() Get number of javascript scripts.
string = **Catalog:getJS**(integer) Get javascript script.
Object = **Catalog:getOutline**() Get Outline object.
Object = **Catalog:getAcroForm**() Get AcroForm object.
--- EmbFile methods:
string = **EmbFile:name**() Get name of embedded file.
string = **EmbFile:description**() Get description of embedded file.
integer = **EmbFile:size**() Get size of embedded file.
string = **EmbFile:modDate**() Get modification date of embedded file.
string = **EmbFile:createDate**() Get creation date of embedded file.
string = **EmbFile:checksum**() Get checksum of embedded file.
string = **EmbFile:mimeType**() Get mime type of embedded file.
Object = **EmbFile:streamObject**()
Get stream object of embedded file.
boolean = **EmbFile:isOk**() Check if embedded file is ok.
--- Dict methods:
Dict:incRef() Increment reference count to Dict.
Dict:decRef() Decrement reference count to Dict.
integer = **Dict:getLength**() Get Dict length.
Dict:add(string, Object) Add Object to Dict.
Dict:set(string, Object) Set Object in Dict.
Dict:remove(string) Remove entry from Dict.
boolean = **Dict:is**(string) Check if Dict is of given /Type.
Object = **Dict:lookup**(string) Look up Dict entry.
Object = **Dict:lookupNF**(string)
Look up Dict entry, not resolving indirection.
integer = **Dict:lookupInt**(string, string) TODO
string = **Dict:getKey**(integer) Get key from Dict by number.
Object = **Dict:getVal**(integer) Get value from Dict by number.
Object = **Dict:getValNF**(integer)
Get value from Dict by number, not resolving indirection.
--- Link methods:
boolean = **Link:isOK**() Check if Link object is ok.
boolean = **Link:inRect**(number, number)
Check if point is inside the link rectangle.
--- LinkDest methods:
boolean = **LinkDest:isOK**() Check if LinkDest object is ok.
integer = **LinkDest:getKind**() Get number of LinkDest kind.
string = **LinkDest:getKindName**() Get name of LinkDest kind.
boolean = **LinkDest:isPageRef**() TODO
integer = **LinkDest:getPageNum**() TODO
Ref = **LinkDest:getPageRef**() TODO
number = **LinkDest:getLeft**() TODO
number = **LinkDest:getBottom**() TODO
number = **LinkDest:getRight**() TODO
number = **LinkDest:getTop**() TODO
number = **LinkDest:getZoom**() TODO
boolean = **LinkDest:getChangeLeft**() TODO
boolean = **LinkDest:getChangeTop**() TODO
boolean = **LinkDest:getChangeZoom**() TODO
--- Links methods:
integer = **Links:getNumLinks**() Get number of links.
Link = **Links:getLink**(integer) Get link by number.
--- Object methods:
Object:initBool(boolean) Initialize a Bool-type object.
Object:initInt(integer) Initialize an Int-type object.
Object:initReal(number) Initialize a Real-type object.
Object:initString(string) Initialize a String-type object.
Object:initName(string) Initialize a Name-type object.
Object:initNull() Initialize a Null-type object.
Object:initArray(XRef)
Initialize an Array-type object with an empty array.
Object:initDict(XRef)
Initialize a Dict-type object with an empty dictionary.
Object:initStream(Stream) Initialize a Stream-type object.
Object:initRef(integer, integer)
Initialize a Ref-type object by object number and generation.
Object:initCmd(string) Initialize a Cmd-type object.
Object:initError() Initialize an Error-type object.
Object:initEOF() Initialize an EOF-type object.
Object = **Object:fetch**(XRef)
If object is of type Ref, fetch and return the referenced object. Otherwise, return a copy of the object.
integer = **Object:getType**()
Get object type as a number (enum ObjType).
string = **Object:getTypeName**() Get object type name.
boolean = **Object:isBool**() Check if object is of type Bool.
boolean = **Object:isInt**() Check if object is of type Int.
boolean = **Object:isReal**() Check if object is of type Real.
boolean = **Object:isNum**() Check if object is of type Num.
boolean = **Object:isString**() Check if object is of type String.
boolean = **Object:isName**() Check if object is of type Name.
boolean = **Object:isNull**() Check if object is of type Null.
boolean = **Object:isArray**() Check if object is of type Array.
boolean = **Object:isDict**() Check if object is of type Dict.
boolean = **Object:isStream**() Check if object is of type Stream.
boolean = **Object:isRef**() Check if object is of type Ref.
boolean = **Object:isCmd**() Check if object is of type Cmd.
boolean = **Object:isError**() Check if object is of type Error.
boolean = **Object:isEOF**() Check if object is of type EOF.
boolean = **Object:isNone**() Check if object is of type None.
boolean = **Object:getBool**() Get boolean from Bool-type object.

integer = **Object:getInt**() Get integer from Int-type object.
number = **Object:getReal**() Get number from Real-type object.
number = **Object:getNum**() Get number from Num-type object.
string = **Object:getString**() Get string from String-type object.
string = **Object:getName**()
Get name from Name-type object as a string.
Array = **Object:getArray**() Get Array from Array-type object.
Dict = **Object:getDict**() Get Dict from Dict-type object.
Stream = **Object:getStream**() Get Stream from Stream-type object.
Ref = **Object:getRef**() Get Ref from Ref-type object.
integer = **Object:getRefNum**()
Get object number from Ref-type object.
integer = **Object:getRefGen**()
Get object generation from Ref-type object.
string = **Object:getCmd**() TODO
integer = **Object:arrayGetLength**()
Get array length from Array-type object.
Object:arrayAdd(Object) Add Object to Array-type object.
Object = **Object:arrayGet**(integer) Get Object from Array-type object.
Object = **Object:arrayGetNF**(integer)
Get Object from Array-type object, not resolving indirection.
integer = **Object:dictGetLength**(integer)
Get dictionary length from Dict-type object.
Object:dictAdd(string, Object) Add Object to Dict-type object.
Object:dictSet(string, Object) TODO
Object = **Object:dictLookup**(string) TODO
Object = **Object:dictLookupNF**(string) TODO
string = **Object:dictGetKey**(integer)
Get Dict key of Dict-type object by number.
Object = **Object:dictGetVal**(integer)
Get Dict value of Dict-type object by number.
Object = **Object:dictGetValNF**(integer)
Get Dict value of Dict-type object by number, not resolving indirection.
boolean = **Object:streamIs**(string)
Check if object contains a stream whose dictionary is of given /Type.
Object:streamReset() TODO
integer = **Object:streamGetChar**() TODO
integer = **Object:streamLookChar**() TODO
integer = **Object:streamGetPos**() TODO
Object:streamSetPos(integer) TODO
Dict = **Object:streamGetDict**() TODO
--- Page methods:
boolean = **Page:isOK**() Check if Page object is ok.
integer = **Page:getNum**() TODO
PDFRectangle = **Page:getMediaBox**() TODO
PDFRectangle = **Page:getCropBox**() TODO
boolean = **Page:isCropped**() TODO
number = **Page:getMediaWidth**() TODO
number = **Page:getMediaHeight**() TODO
number = **Page:getCropWidth**() TODO
number = **Page:getCropHeight**() TODO
PDFRectangle = **Page:getBleedBox**() TODO
PDFRectangle = **Page:getTrimBox**() TODO
PDFRectangle = **Page:getArtBox**() TODO
number = **Page:getRotate**() TODO
string = **Page:getLastModified**() TODO
Dict = **Page:getBoxColorInfo**() TODO
Dict = **Page:getGroup**() TODO
Stream = **Page:getMetadata**() TODO
Dict = **Page:getPieceInfo**() TODO
Dict = **Page:getSeparationInfo**() TODO
Dict = **Page:getResourceDict**() TODO
Object = **Page:getAnnots**() TODO
Links = **Page:getLinks**(Catalog) TODO
Object = **Page:getContents**() TODO
--- PDFDoc methods:
boolean = **PDFDoc:isOK**() Check if PDFDoc object is ok.
integer = **PDFDoc:getErrorCode**() TODO
string = **PDFDoc:getErrorCodeName**() TODO
string = **PDFDoc:getFileName**() TODO
XRef = **PDFDoc:getXRef**() TODO
Catalog = **PDFDoc:getCatalog**() TODO
number = **PDFDoc:getPageMediaWidth**() TODO
number = **PDFDoc:getPageMediaHeight**() TODO
number = **PDFDoc:getPageCropWidth**() TODO
number = **PDFDoc:getPageCropHeight**() TODO
integer = **PDFDoc:getNumPages**() TODO
string = **PDFDoc:readMetadata**() TODO
Object = **PDFDoc:getStructTreeRoot**() TODO
integer = **PDFDoc:findPage**(integer, integer)
Get a Page number by object number and generation.
Links = **PDFDoc:getLinks**(integer) TODO
LinkDest = **PDFDoc:findDest**(string) TODO
boolean = **PDFDoc:isEncrypted**() TODO
boolean = **PDFDoc:okToPrint**() TODO
boolean = **PDFDoc:okToChange**() TODO
boolean = **PDFDoc:okToCopy**() TODO
boolean = **PDFDoc:okToAddNotes**() TODO
boolean = **PDFDoc:isLinearized**() TODO
Object = **PDFDoc:getDocInfo**() TODO
Object = **PDFDoc:getDocInfoNF**() TODO
integer = **PDFDoc:getPDFMajorVersion**() TODO
integer = **PDFDoc:getPDFMinorVersion**() TODO
--- PDFRectangle methods:
boolean = **PDFRectangle:isValid**() TODO
--- Stream methods:
integer = **Stream:getKind**() TODO
string = **Stream:getKindName**() TODO
Stream:reset() TODO
Stream:close() TODO
integer = **Stream:getChar**() TODO
integer = **Stream:lookChar**() TODO
integer = **Stream:getRawChar**() TODO
integer = **Stream:getUnfilteredChar**() TODO
Stream:unfilteredReset() TODO
integer = **Stream:getPos**() TODO
boolean = **Stream:isBinary**() TODO
Stream = **Stream:getUndecodedStream**() TODO
Dict = **Stream:getDict**() TODO
--- XRef methods:
boolean = **XRef:isOK**() Check if XRef object is ok.
integer = **XRef:getErrorCode**() TODO
boolean = **XRef:isEncrypted**() TODO
boolean = **XRef:okToPrint**() TODO
boolean = **XRef:okToPrintHighRes**() TODO
boolean = **XRef:okToChange**() TODO
boolean = **XRef:okToCopy**() TODO
boolean = **XRef:okToAddNotes**() TODO
boolean = **XRef:okToFillForm**() TODO
boolean = **XRef:okToAccessibility**() TODO
boolean = **XRef:okToAssemble**() TODO
Object = **XRef:getCatalog**() TODO
Object = **XRef:fetch**(integer, integer) TODO
Object = **XRef:getDocInfo**() TODO
Object = **XRef:getDocInfoNF**() TODO
integer = **XRef:getNumObjects**() TODO
integer = **XRef:getRootNum**() TODO
integer = **XRef:getRootGen**() TODO
integer = **XRef:getSize**() TODO
Object = **XRef:getTrailerDict**() TODO

Font table

metrics = **font.read_tfm**(string, number)
Parse a font metrics file, at the size indicated by the number.
metrics = **font.read_vf**(string, number)
Parse a virtual font metrics file, at the size indicated by the number.
metrics = **font.getfont**(number) Fetch an internal font id as a lua table.
font.setfont(number, metrics) Set an internal font id from a lua table.
boolean = **font.frozen**(number)
True if the font is frozen and can no longer be altered.
number = **font.define**(metrics)
Process a font metrics table and stores it in the internal font table, returning its internal id.
number = **font.nextid**() Return the next free font id number.
number = **font.id**(string)
Return the font id of the font accessed by the csname given.
[number] = **font.current**([number]) Get or set the currently active font
number = **font.max**() Return the highest used font id at this moment.
number, metrics = **font.each**() Iterate over all the defined fonts.

Font loader table

table = **fontloader.info**(string)
Get various information fields from an font file.
fontloader.info returned information:

key	type	explanation
fontname	string	the POSTSCRIPT name of the font
fullname	string	the formal name of the font
familyname	string	the family name this font belongs to
weight	string	a string indicating the color value of the font
version	string	the internal font version
italicangle	float	the slant angle

luafont, table = **fontloader.open**(string, [string])
Parse a font file and return a table representing its contents. The optional argument is the name of the desired font in case of font collection files.
The optional return value contains any parser error strings.
Listing all of the substructure returned from **fontloader.open** would take too much room, see the big reference manual.
fontloader.apply_featurefile(luafont, string)
Apply a feature file to a fontloader table.
fontloader.apply_afmfile(luafont, string)
Apply an AFM file to a fontloader table.

Image table

Full list of <image> object fields:

field name	type	description
depth	number	the image depth for LUATEX (in scaled points)
height	number	the image height for LUATEX (in scaled points)
width	number	the image width for LUATEX (in scaled points)
transform	number	the image transform, integer number 0..7
attr	string	the image attributes for LUATEX
filename	string	the image file name
stream	string	the raw stream data for an /Xobject /Form object
page	??	the identifier for the requested image page (type is number or string, default is the number 1)
pagebox	string	the requested bounding box, one of none, media, crop, bleed, trim, art
bbox	table	table with 4 boundingbox dimensions llx, lly, urx, and ury overruling the pagebox entry
filepath	string	the full (expanded) file name of the image
colordepth	number	the number of bits used by the color space
colorspace	number	the color space object number
imagetype	string	one of pdf, png, jpg, jbig2, or nil
objnum	number	the PDF image object number
index	number	the PDF image name suffix
pages	number	the total number of available pages
xsize	number	the natural image width
ysize	number	the natural image height
xres	number	the horizontal natural image resolution (in DPI)
yres	number	the vertical natural image resolution (in DPI)

image = **img.new**([table])
This function creates an 'image' object. Allowed fields in the table: "filename" (required), "width", "depth", "height", "attr", "page", "pagebox", "colorspace").
table = **img.keys**()
Returns a table with possible image table keys, including retrieved information.
image = **img.scan**(image)
Processes an image file and stores the retrieved information in the image object.
image = **img.copy**(image) Copy an image.
image = **img.write**(image) Write the image to the PDF file.
image = **img.immediatewrite**(image)
Write the image to the PDF file immediately.
node = **img.node**(image) Returns the node associated with an image.
table = **img.types**() Returns a list of supported image types.
table = **img.boxes**()
Returns a list of supported image bounding box names.

Kpathsea table

kpse.set_program_name(string, [string])
Initialize the kpathsea library by setting the program name. The optional string allows explicit progname setting.
kpathsea = **kpse.new**(string, [string])
Create a new kpathsea library instance. The optional string allows explicit progname setting.
string = **kpse.find_file**(string, [string], [boolean], [number])
Find a file. The optional string is the file type as supported by the standalone kpsewhich program (default is "tex", no autodiscovery takes place).
The optional boolean indicates wether the file must exist. The optional number is the dpi value for PK files.
string = **kpse.lookup**(string, table) Find a file (extended interface).
The **kpse.lookup** options match commandline arguments from kpsewhich:

key	type	description
debug	number	set debugging flags for this lookup
format	string	use specific file type (see list above)
dpi	number	use this resolution for this lookup; default 600
path	string	search in the given path
all	boolean	output all matches, not just the first
must-exist	boolean	search the disk as well as ls-R if necessary
mktexpk	boolean	disable/enable mktexpk generation for this lookup
mktextex	boolean	disable/enable mktextex generation for this lookup
mktexmf	boolean	disable/enable mktexmf generation for this lookup
mktextfm	boolean	disable/enable mktextfm generation for this lookup
subdir	string or table	only output matches whose directory part ends with the given string(s)

kpse.init_prog(string, number, string, [string])
Initialize a PK generation program. The optional string is the metafont mode fallback name
string = **kpse.readable_file**(string)

Returns true if a file exists and is readable.
string = **kpse.expand_path**(string) Expand a path.
string = **kpse.expand_var**(string) Expand a variable.
string = **kpse.expand_braces**(string) Expand the braces in a variable.
string = **kpse.show_path**(string)
List the search path for a specific file type.
string = **kpse.var_value**(string) Return the value of a variable.
string = **kpse.version**() Return the kpathsea version.

Language table

language = **lang.new**([number])
Create a new language object, with an optional fixed id number.
number = **lang.id**(language)
Returns the current internal \language id number.
[string] = **lang.hyphenation**(language, [string])
Get or set hyphenation exceptions.
lang.clear_hyphenation(language)
Clear the set of hyphenation exceptions.
string = **lang.clean**(string)
Creates a hyphenation key from the supplied hyphenation exception.
[string] = **lang.patterns**(language, [string])
Get or set hyphenation patterns.
lang.clear_patterns(language) Clear the set of hyphenation patterns.
[number] = **lang.prehyphenchar**(language, [number])
Set the pre-hyphenchar for implicit hyphenation.
[number] = **lang.posthyphenchar**(language, [number])
Set the post-hyphenchar for implicit hyphenation.
[number] = **lang.preexhyphenchar**(language, [number])
Set the pre-hyphenchar for explicit hyphenation.
[number] = **lang.postexhyphenchar**(language, [number])
Set the post-hyphenchar for explicit hyphenation.
boolean = **lang.hyphenate**(node, [node]) Hyphenate a node list.

Lua table

There are 65536 bytecode registers, that are saved in the format file. Assignments are always global.
function = **lua.getbytecode**(number)
Return a previously stored function from a bytecode register.
lua.setbytecode(number, function)
Save a function in a bytecode register.
They also be accessed via the virtual array lua.bytecode[].
The virtual array lua.name[] can be used to give names to lua chunks. To use lua.name[1], set lua.name[1] = 'testname' and \directlua1{rubbish}.

Metapost table

string = **mplib.version**() Returns the mplib version.
mpinstance = **mplib.new**(table) Create a new metapost instance.
mpdata = **mp:execute**(string) Execute metapost code in the instance.
mpdata = **mp:finish**() Finish a metapost instance.
The return value of mp:execute and mp:finish is a table with a few possible keys (only status is always guaranteed to be present).

log	string	output to the 'log' stream
term	string	output to the 'term' stream
error	string	output to the 'error' stream (only used for 'out of memory')
status	number	the return value: 0=good, 1=warning, 2=errors, 3=fatal error
fig	table	an array of generated figures (if any)

Handling of fig objects would take too much room here, please see the big reference manual.

table = **mp:statistics**()
Returns some statistics for this metapost instance.
number = **mp:char_width**(string, number) Report a character's width.
number = **mp:char_height**(string, number)
Report a character's height.
number = **mp:char_depth**(string, number) Report a character's depth.

Node table

table = **node.types**() Return the list of node types.
table = **node.whatsits**() Return the list of whatsit types.
boolean = **node.is_node**(any) Return true if the object is a <node>.
number = **node.id**(string)
Convert a node type string into a node id number.
number = **node.subtype**(string)
Convert a whatsit type string into a node subtype number.
string = **node.type**(number)
convert a node id number into a node type string.
table = **node.fields**(number, [number])
Report the fields a node type understands. The optional argument is needed for whatsits.
boolean = **node.has_field**(node, string)
Return true if the node understands the named field.
node = **node.new**(number, [number])
Create a new node with id and (optional) subtype.
node.free(node) Release a node.
node.flush_list(node) Release a list of nodes.
node = **node.copy**(node) Copy a node.
node = **node.copy_list**(node, [node]) Copy a node list.
node, number = **node.hpack**(node, [number], [string], [string])
Pack a node list into a horizontal list. The number is the desired size, the first string is either "exact" or "additional" (modifies the first string), the second string is the desired direction
node, number = **node.vpack**(node, [number], [string], [string])
Pack a node list into a vertical list. Arguments as for node.hpack
number, number, number = **node.dimensions**([number], [number], [number], node, [node])
Return the natural dimensions of a (horizontal) node list. The 3 optional numbers represent glue_set, glue_sign, and glue_order. The calculation stops just before the optional node (default end of list)
node = **node.mlist_to_hlist**(node, string, boolean)
Recursively convert a math list into a horizontal list. The string differentiates display and inline, the boolean whether penalties are inserted
node = **node.slide**(node)
Move to the last node of a list while fixing next and prev pointers.
node = **node.tail**(node) Return the last node in a list.
number = **node.length**(node, [node])
Return the length of a node list. Processing stops just before the optional node.
number = **node.count**(number, node, [node])
Return the count of nodes with a specific id in a node list. Processing stops just before the optional node.
node = **node.traverse**(node) Iterate over a node list.
node = **node.traverse_id**(number, node)
Iterate over nodes with id matching the number in a node list.
node, node = **node.remove**(node, node)
Extract and remove a second node from the list that starts in the first node.
node, node = **node.insert_before**(node, node, node)
Insert the third node just before the second node in the list that starts at the first node.
node, node = **node.insert_after**(node, node, node)
Insert the third node just after the second node in the list that starts at the first node.
node = **node.first_glyph**(node, [node])
Return the first character node in a list. Processing stops just before the optional node.

node, node, boolean = **node.ligaturing**(node, [node])
Apply the internal ligaturing routine to a node list. Processing stops just before the optional node.
node, node, boolean = **node.kerning**(node, [node])
Apply the internal kerning routine to a node list. Processing stops just before the optional node.
node.unprotect_glyphs(node)
Mark all characters in a node list as being processed glyphs.
node.protect_glyphs(node)
Mark all processed glyphs in a node list as being characters.
node = **node.last_node**()
Pops and returns the last node on the current output list.
node.write(node) Appends a node to the current output list.
boolean = **node.protrusion_skippable**(node)
Return true if the node could be skipped for protrusion purposes.
node = **node.next**(node) Returns the next node.
node = **node.prev**(node) Returns the previous node.
number = **node.has_attribute**(node, number, [number])
Return an attribute value for a node, if it has one. The optional number tests for a specific value
node.set_attribute(node, number, number)
Set an attribute value for a node.
number = **node.unset_attribute**(node, number, [number])
Unset an attribute value for a node. The optional number tests for a specific value

Pdf table

number = **pdf.immediateobj**([number], [string], string, [string])
Write an object to the PDF file immediately. The optional number is an object id, the first optional string is "file", "stream", or "filestream". the second optional string contains stream attributes for the latter two cases.
pdf.mapfile(string) Register a font map file.
pdf.mapline(string) Register a font map line.
number = **pdf.obj**([number], [string], string, [string])
Write an object to the PDF file. See "pdf.immediateobj" for arguments.
pdf.refobj(number) Reference an object, so that it will be written out.
number = **pdf.pageref**(number) Return the pageref object number.
pdf.print([string], string)
Write directly to the PDF file (use in \latelua). The optional string is one of "direct" or "page"
number = **pdf.reserveobj**()
Reserve an object number in the PDF backend.
pdf.registerannot(number)
Register an annotation in the PDF backend.

Status table

table = **status.list**() Returns a table with various status items.
The current list is:

key	**explanation**
pdf_gone	written PDF bytes
pdf_ptr	not yet written PDF bytes
dvi_gone	written DVI bytes
dvi_ptr	not yet written DVI bytes
total_pages	number of written pages
output_file_name	name of the PDF or DVI file
log_name	name of the log file
banner	terminal display banner
var_used	variable (one|-|word) memory in use
dyn_used	token (multi|-|word) memory in use
str_ptr	number of strings
init_str_ptr	number of INITEX strings
max_strings	maximum allowed strings
pool_ptr	string pool index
init_pool_ptr	INITEX string pool index
pool_size	current size allocated for string characters
node_mem_usage	a string giving insight into currently used nodes
var_mem_max	number of allocated words for nodes
fix_mem_max	number of allocated words for tokens
fix_mem_end	maximum number of used tokens
cs_count	number of control sequences
hash_size	size of hash
hash_extra	extra allowed hash
font_ptr	number of active fonts
max_in_stack	max used input stack entries
max_nest_stack	max used nesting stack entries
max_param_stack	max used parameter stack entries
max_buf_stack	max used buffer position
max_save_stack	max used save stack entries
stack_size	input stack size
nest_size	nesting stack size
param_size	parameter stack size
buf_size	current allocated size of the line buffer
save_size	save stack size
obj_ptr	max PDF object pointer
obj_tab_size	PDF object table size
pdf_os_cntr	max PDF object stream pointer
pdf_os_objidx	PDF object stream index
pdf_dest_names_ptr	max PDF destination pointer
dest_names_size	PDF destination table size
pdf_mem_ptr	max PDF memory used
pdf_mem_size	PDF memory size
largest_used_mark	max referenced marks class
filename	name of the current input file
inputid	numeric id of the current input
linenumber	location in the current input file
lasterrorstring	last error string
luabytecodes	number of active LUA bytecode registers
luabytecode_bytes	number of bytes in LUA bytecode registers
luastate_bytes	number of bytes in use by LUA interpreters
output_active	true if the \output routine is active
callbacks	total number of executed callbacks so far
indirect_callbacks	number of those that were themselves a result of other callbacks (e.g. file readers)
luatex_svn	the luatex repository id (added in 0.51)
luatex_version	the luatex version number (added in 0.38)
luatex_revision	the luatex revision string (added in 0.38)
ini_version	true if this is an INITEX run (added in 0.38)

Typesetting table

tex.set([string], string, value)
Set a named internal register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
value = **tex.get**(string)
Get a named internal register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
Many of LUATEX's internal parameters can be queried and set this way, but not nearly all. The big reference manual has an extensive list.

tex.setattribute([string], number, number)
Set an attribute register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
number = **tex.getattribute**(number)
Get an attribute register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
tex.setbox([string], number, node)
Set a box register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
node = **tex.getbox**(number)
Get a box register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
tex.setcount([string], number, number)
Set a count register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
number = **tex.getcount**(number)
Get a count register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.

tex.setdimen([string], number, number)
Set a dimen register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
number = **tex.getdimen**(number)
Get a dimen register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
tex.setskip([string], number, node)
Set a skip register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
node = **tex.getskip**(number)
Get a skip register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
tex.settoks([string], number, string)
Set a toks register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
string = **tex.gettoks**(number)
Get a toks register. Also accepts a predefined csname string.
tex.setcatcode([string], [number], number, number)
Set a category code.
number = **tex.getcatcode**([number], number) Get a category code.
tex.setlccode([string], number, number, [number])
Set a lowercase code.
number = **tex.getlccode**(number) Get a lowercase code.
tex.setsfcode([string], number, number) Set a space factor.
number = **tex.getsfcode**(number) Get a space factor.
tex.setuccode([string], number, number, [number])
Set an uppercase code.
number = **tex.getuccode**(number) Get an uppercase code.
tex.setmathcode([string], number, table) Set a math code.
table = **tex.getmathcode**(number) Get a math code.
tex.setdelcode([string], number, table) Set a delimiter code.
table = **tex.getdelcode**(number) Get a delimiter code.
In all the **tex.set...** functions above, the optional string is the literal "global".
The items can also be accessed directly via virtual arrays: tex.attributes[], tex.box[], tex.count[], tex.dimen[], tex.skip[], tex.toks[]; tex.catcode[], tex.lccode[], tex.sfcode[], tex.uccode[], tex.mathcode[], tex.delcode[].

tex.setmath([string], string, string, number)
Set an internal math parameter. The first string is like the csname but without the Umath prefix, the second string is a style name minus the style suffix.
number = **tex.getmath**(string, string)
Get an internal math parameter. The first string is like the csname but without the Umath prefix, the second string is a style name minus the style suffix.
tex.print([number], string, [string])
Print a sequence of strings (not just two) as lines. The optional argument is a catcode table id.
tex.sprint([number], string, [string])
Print a sequence of strings (not just two) as partial lines. The optional argument is a catcode table id.
tex.tprint(table, [table])
Combine any number of tex.sprint's into a single function call.
tex.write(string)
Print a sequence of strings (not just two) as detokenized data.
number = **tex.round**(number) Round a number.
number = **tex.scale**(number, number)
Multiplies the first number (or all fields in a table) with the second argument (if the first argument is a table, so is the return value).
number = **tex.sp**(string) Convert a dimension string to scaled points.
tex.definefont([boolean], string, number)
Define a font csname. The optional boolean indicates for global definition, the string is the csname, the number is a font id.
tex.error(string, [table])
Create an error that is presented to the user. The optional table is an array of help message strings.
tex.enableprimitives(string, table)
Enable the all primitives in the array using the string as prefix.
table = **tex.extraprimitives**(string, [string])
Return all primitives in a (set of) extension identifiers. Valid identifiers are: "tex", "core", "etex", "pdftex", "omega", "aleph", and "luatex".
table = **tex.primitives**()
Returns a table of all currently active primitives, with their meaning.
number = **tex.badness**(number, number) Compute a badness value.

tex.linebreak(node, table)
Run the line breaker on a node list. The table lists settings.
The **tex.linebreak** parameters:

name	type	description
pardir	string	
pretolerance	number	
tracingparagraphs	number	
tolerance	number	
looseness	number	
hyphenpenalty	number	
exhyphenpenalty	number	
pdfadjustspacing	number	
adjdemerits	number	
pdfprotrudechars	number	
linepenalty	number	
lastlinefit	number	
doublehyphendemerits	number	
finalhyphendemerits	number	
hangafter	number	
interlinepenalty	number or table	if a table, then it is an array like \interlinepenalties
clubpenalty	number or table	if a table, then it is an array like \clubpenalties
widowpenalty	number or table	if a table, then it is an array like \widowpenalties
brokenpenalty	number	
emergencystretch	number	in scaled points
hangindent	number	in scaled points
hsize	number	in scaled points
leftskip	glue_spec node	
rightskip	glue_spec node	
pdfeachlineheight	number	in scaled points
pdfeachlinedepth	number	in scaled points
pdffirstlineheight	number	in scaled points
pdflastlinedepth	number	in scaled points
pdfignoreddimen	number	in scaled points
parshape	table	

The **tex.linebreak** returned table data:

prevdepth	depth of the last line in the broken paragraph
prevgraf	number of lines in the broken paragraph
looseness	the actual looseness value in the broken paragraph
demerits	the total demerits of the chosen solution

tex.shipout(number)
Ships the box to the output file and clears the box.

The virtual table tex.lists contains the set of internal registers that keep track of building page lists.

field	description
page_ins_head	circular list of pending insertions
contrib_head	the recent contributions
page_head	the page-so-far
hold_head	used for held-over items for next page
adjust_head	head of the current \adjust list
pre_adjust_head	head of the current \adjust pre list

The virtual table tex.nest contains the currently active semantic nesting state. It has two main parts: an zero-based array of userdata for the semantic nest itself, and the numerical value tex.nest.ptr. Known fields:

key	type	modes	explanation
mode	number	all	The current mode. 0 = no mode, 1 = vertical, 127 = horizontal, 253 = display math. −1 = internal vertical, −127 = restricted horizontal, −253 = inline math.
modeline	number	all	source input line where this mode was

			entered in, negative inside the output routine.
head	node	all	the head of the current list
tail	node	all	the tail of the current list
prevgraf	number	vmode	number of lines in the previous paragraph
prevdepth	number	vmode	depth of the previous paragraph
spacefactor	number	hmode	the current space factor
dirs	node	hmode	internal use only
noad	node	mmode	internal use only
delimptr	node	mmode	internal use only
mathdir	boolean	mmode	true when during math processing the \mathdir is not the same as the surrounding \textdir
mathstyle	number	mmode	the current \mathstyle

Texconfig table

This is a table that is created empty. A startup LUA script could fill this table with a number of settings that are read out by the executable after loading and executing the startup file.

key	type	default	explanation
kpse_init	boolean	true	false totally disables KPATHSEA initialisation
shell_escape	string		cf. web2c docs
shell_escape_commands	string		cf. web2c docs
string_vacancies	number	75000	cf. web2c docs
pool_free	number	5000	cf. web2c docs
max_strings	number	15000	cf. web2c docs
strings_free	number	100	cf. web2c docs
nest_size	number	50	cf. web2c docs
max_in_open	number	15	cf. web2c docs
param_size	number	60	cf. web2c docs
save_size	number	4000	cf. web2c docs
stack_size	number	300	cf. web2c docs
dvi_buf_size	number	16384	cf. web2c docs
error_line	number	79	cf. web2c docs
half_error_line	number	50	cf. web2c docs
max_print_line	number	79	cf. web2c docs
hash_extra	number	0	cf. web2c docs
pk_dpi	number	72	cf. web2c docs
trace_file_names	boolean	true	false disables TEX's normal file feedback
file_line_error	boolean	false	file:line style error messages
halt_on_error	boolean	false	abort run on the first encountered error
formatname	string		if no format name was given on the commandline, this will be used
jobname	string		as formatname.

IO table

texio.write([string], string)
Write a string to the log and/or terminal. The optional argument is "term", "term and log", or "log".

texio.write_nl([string], string)
Write a string to the log and/or terminal, starting on a new line. The optional argument is "term", "term and log", or "log".

Token table

A token is represented in LUA as a small table. For the moment, this table consists of three numeric entries:

index	meaning	description
1	command code	this is a value between 0 and 130
2	command modifier	this is a value between 0 and 2^{21}
3	control sequence id	for commands that are not the result of control sequences, like letters and characters, it is zero, otherwise, it is a number pointing into the 'equivalence table'

token = **token.get_next**() Fetch the next token from the input stream.

boolean = **token.is_expandable**(token)
True if the token is expandable.

token.expand()
Expand a token the tokenb waiting in the input stream.

boolean = **token.is_activechar**(token)
True if the token represents and active character.

token = **token.create**(number, [number])
Create a token from scratch, the optional argument is a category code. Also accepts strings, in which case a token matching that csname is created.

string = **token.command_name**(token)
Return the internal string representing a command code.

number = **token.command_id**(string)
Return the internal number representing a command code.

string = **token.csname_name**(token)
Return the csname associated with a token.

number = **token.csname_id**(string)
Returns the value for a csname string.